C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		sweat evaporates (1)		
			taking heat from the skin (1)		allow heat is lost from the body allow takes heat from the body ignore cools body down as in stem of question
	(b)		50% / ½ / 1 in 2 (1)	2	allow 50/50
			Gemma must be / heterozygous / (only) got one dominant allele and Leroy is / homozygous recessive / has no dominant allele (1)		allow letters such as Hh and hh in a punnet square but must indicate which genotype belongs to who Look for correct labelling on diagram
	(c)	(i)	Gemma's phenotype but not her genotype (1) last box	1	
		(ii)	any two from: (antigens trigger) white blood cells release antibodies / antitoxins (1) antibodies / antitoxins lock on to antigens (and destroy them) (1) white blood cells engulf antigens (1)	2	allow attach on to antigens allow phagocytosis / digest antigen ignore eaten ignore antibodies engulf antigens ignore pathogens
			Total	7	

Q	uestior	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	nucleus from Rainbow / body cell put into (empty) egg cell (1)	2	can credit both marks in same box reference to fertilising egg negates mark  allow mitosis
		(cell given) electric shock / cell divides (1)		allow electric shock to fuse (nucleus and cell)
	(b)	body cells lose ability to differentiate / AW (1)  or	1	allow not a stem cell ignore body cells do not contain stem cells allow already specialised / differentiated ignore body cell already has a function
		OI .		
		many / some genes switched off (1)		
		Total	3	

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
3	(a)		X0 / 0X / X, male XX, female X0 / 0X / X, male at least one of the male boxes correct (1) but all correct (2)	2	one male box correct and one male box incorrect (0)
	(b)	(i)	23 (1)	1	
		(ii)	11 / 12 / 11 or 12 (1)	1	
			Total	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 a i	amino acids (1)	1	
ii	EAR = 7.2 (g) (1)	1	allow 0.0072 kg allow 7.20 (g)
iii	15 year olds body mass is larger (1)	2	allow 15 year olds are bigger / heavier ORA allow idea of growth spurts/adolescence/puberty(needing more protein) ignore just growth / growth stages
	EAR is calculated using body mass (not age) (1)		allow weight for mass
b	parent genotypes/gametes (1)  offspring genotypes (1)  0.25 / 25% / ½ / 1 in 4 / 1 to 3 of having beta thalassaemia (1)	3	T t T TT Tt t Tt tt Correct diagram = 2
			If no marks awarded allowed ecf for max 1 mark for either offspring genotypes or ratio  allow alternative letter code
	Total	7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 a	mitosis (1)	1	allow phonetic spelling
b	[Level 3] A correctly sequenced description of cloning technique including all 4 indicative points. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level.  (5 – 6 marks)  [Level 2] A correctly sequenced partial description of cloning technique including 3 indicative points. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.  (3 – 4 marks)  [Level 1] A partial description of cloning technique including 2 indicative points. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level.  (1 – 2 marks)  [Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit.  (0 marks)	6	Indicative scientific points may include:  • nucleus removed from an egg cell/enucleated egg (ignore DNA / genetic material)  • nucleus from the udder / body cell is inserted into the egg cell  BUT  egg cell nucleus replaced with the nucleus from an udder / body cell (covers the first 2 indicative scientific points)  (allow a correct example of a named body cell, ignore unqualified cell eg adult cell)  • (egg cell) given an electric shock to make it divide / multiply (ignore just grow)  • embryo /Dolly is genetically identical to / a clone of the sheep from which the udder/body cell came from or udder/body cell taken from the sheep they want to clone  Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.
	Total	7	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)		30 (1)	1	
	(b)		this is selective breeding / artificial selection (1) which leads to inbreeding (1) idea that lameness / diarrhoea are genetically controlled (1)	3	ignore just lameness / diarrhoea are passed down additional marking points: allow higher level response: reduced gene pool / reduction in variation / accumulation of harmful recessive characteristics (1) BUT there is no variation
	(c)	(i)	(most) animal (cells) lose the ability to <b>differentiate</b> (at an early age) OR (many) plant (cells) retain the ability to differentiate (throughout their lives) (1)	1	allow plants retain stem cells but animals do not
		(ii)	any three from	3	
			other scientists can <b>build upon</b> their results (1)		
			so can develop ideas <b>quicker</b> (1)		allow work continues even if some people are absent allow can share out work load allow can do more work
			other scientists can <b>repeat</b> / <b>test</b> the work (for validity) (1)		
			different teams have <b>different</b> skills / resources / ideas / approaches (1)		allow can bounce ideas off each other
			so that a broad <b>range of evidence</b> can be put together to develop the idea (1)		allow able to get variety of results to solve a problem allow to gather more evidence to justify ideas
			Total	8	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	(a)	(i)	too rounded (1)  focuses light before the retina or bends / refracts light too much (1)	2	allow too powerful / too thick ignore long eyeball not reflects lights
		(ii)	concave (1)	1	allow diverging allow diagram:
	(b)	(i)	(alternative / different) version of <b>a</b> gene (1)	1	<b>ignore</b> different types of gene <b>but allow</b> different types of a gene
		(ii)	both Seema and John do not have the disorder / condition / nanophthlamos (1)  (but) they have children who have the disorder / condition / nanophthlamos or  Kevin has the disorder (1)	2	allow Seema and John are carriers  allow disorder appears in children whose parents do not have it (2) allow the disorder skips generations (2) ignore references simply to alleles, answer must refer to phenotype ignore idea that it is recessive because fewer people have the disorder than do not
		(iii)	parental genotypes Nn x nn offspring genotypes Nn, Nn, nn, n	3	allow any clear genetic diagram
			probability = 50(%) (1)		ignore ½ / 0.5 / 1 in 2  do not award any ecf allow 50(%) (1) even if diagram incorrect
			Total	9	

Questi	ion	Answer			Marks	Guidance more than one tick per line negates a correct tick
3 (a)		egg cell sperm cell zygote cells in embryo cells in twin embryos  all correct (2) at least three correct (1)	aploid  ✓	Diploid  ✓  ✓	2	
(b)		mitosis (1)			1	mark phonetically (look for a 't')
(c)	(i)	higher pressure / greater rate of flow (1)			1	must be comparative allow can have different pressures in lungs and body (1) allow more efficient / more rapid transport of oxygen (1) allow blood is pumped around faster ignore blood is pumped fast
	(ii)	idea that oxygen travels from (blood of) m (blood of) foetus (1)  but  idea that oxygen moved from mother's ha foetus' haemoglobin (2)			2	allow maintains a concentration gradient across placenta (1)
	(iii)	energy (source) (1)			1	allow valid named process eg active transport / movement / protein synthesis / DNA synthesis (1) ignore simply 'for growth' / 'for development' ignore store
				Total	7	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	(a)		(at high temperatures) <b>more</b> water is lost cooling down the insect (1)	1	allow more water is lost and evaporation takes heat from the insect ignore sweating
	(b)	(i)	parasite (1)	1	mark the answer line first allow correct answer circled, underlined or ticked more than one answer = 0

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	Includes an explanation of natural selection with reference to the genetic basis of the variation of the cricket and the increase in the number of silent cricket and the mechanism for speciation is explained with correct reference to crickets because the two types of crickets are less likely to mate. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level.  Level 2 (3–4 marks) Includes an explanation of natural selection or the mechanism for speciation with correct reference to crickets. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level.  Level 1 (1–2 marks) Some use of natural selection or speciation to explain the changes. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level.  Level 0 (0 marks) Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit.	6	<ul> <li>This question is targeted at grades up to A*.</li> <li>Indicative scientific points at level 3 may include:         <ul> <li>the existence of silent crickets is genetic / controlled by genes</li> <li>the silent crickets are more likely to survive and pass on their genes as their larvae are less likely to be parasitized</li> </ul> </li> <li>the silent crickets are less likely to mate with the singing crickets         <ul> <li>singing crickets get killed off so reduced chance of mating</li> <li>as there is less mixing of genes, two different species may form</li> </ul> </li> <li>Indicative scientific points at level 2 may include:         <ul> <li>explanation of natural selection linked to crickets</li> <li>variation in some crickets singing some not</li> <li>silent crickets higher survival value</li> </ul> </li> <li>idea of isolation of cricket affecting reproduction leading to new species forming</li> <li>Indicative scientific points at level 1 may include:         <ul> <li>idea of natural selection explaining the changes in generic terms</li> <li>idea of isolation leading to new species forming in generic terms</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris. Do not use ticks.</li> </ul>
	Total	8	